



## Driver License Practice Exam Sample 2

1. The high collision rate of beginning drivers is due mostly to:
  - a. inadequate traffic enforcement.
  - b. lack of experience.
  - c. use of older cars.
  - d. low minimum licensing age.
2. Cruise control is a vehicle option that lets you:
  - a. drive at a chosen speed without using the accelerator pedal.
  - b. drive safely in the snow.
  - c. keep moving safely in a traffic jam.
  - d. drive without having to use the brake pedal.
3. The best way to increase your chance of survival in a crash on a rural highway is to:
  - a. be thrown free of the vehicle.
  - b. drive 10 mph below the speed limit.
  - c. fasten your seat belt.
  - d. steer left to avoid the crash.
4. What must you do at a flashing red light?
  - a. Slow down and proceed with caution.
  - b. Be ready for a traffic light ahead.
  - c. Stop and wait until the light stops flashing.
  - d. Stop and proceed only when clear.
5. A double yellow line down the center of a two-way street indicates:
  - a. no passing in either direction.
  - b. the roadway is on a hill.
  - c. two-way left turn lane.
  - d. no turns except at intersections.
6. A solid line and a broken line painted on the center of a two-lane highway means passing is:
  - a. allowed only when the solid line is on your side.
  - b. not allowed for you when the solid line is on the other side.
  - c. not allowed when the solid line is on your side.
  - d. allowed in either direction.
7. Whenever you approach a YIELD sign at an intersection, you should:
  - a. allow cars on the left to proceed.
  - b. make a full stop, then proceed.
  - c. slow down and proceed.
  - d. slow or stop and give the right of way to traffic.
8. Which lane should you be in to begin a left turn from a two-way street?
  - a. The right lane, if there are no parked vehicles.
  - b. The lane closest to the center line.
  - c. Any lane, if there is not other traffic present.
  - d. The lane nearest to the right curb.
9. A flashing "don't walk" pedestrian signal indicates that:
  - a. the signal light will soon be yellow.
  - b. no pedestrian will cross the street.
  - c. you should prepare to slow.
  - d. your speed is too slow.
10. Whenever you approach a yield sign at an intersection, you should:
  - a. stop, if you are going straight ahead.
  - b. allow oncoming cars the right-of way.
  - c. stop, if vehicles are approaching the intersection.
  - d. react as if it were a warning sign.
11. The area to the rear of the vehicle not seen in mirrors is:
  - a. not necessary for driver vision.
  - b. seen by adjusting mirrors.
  - c. a blind spot.
  - d. directly behind the vehicle.
12. When driving with babies and children under 6 years of age and who weigh less than 60 pounds:
  - a. they should sit in the front seat
  - b. they should sit in the back seat
  - c. they must be buckled into a child safety seat
  - d. they should have snacks and toys for long trips

13. Before entering traffic from the curb, you should:

- a. check the rearview mirrors.
- b. check around the vehicle for obstructions.
- c. check traffic ahead.
- d. check traffic ahead, in both rearview mirrors, and over your left shoulder.

14. When you drive at 55 mph, your clear side vision area is:

- a. not affected.
- b. twice as wide as when you drive at 20 mph.
- c. less than half as wide as when you drive at 20 mph.
- d. increased to more than 180 degrees.

15. If your car is first in line when the light turns green, you should check:

- a. traffic to the left, the right, and ahead.
- b. your outside mirrors.
- c. your rearview mirror.
- d. your speedometer.

16. When turning left at an intersection, yield:

- a. to all oncoming vehicles until you have the time and space to turn.
- b. only to traffic on the right.
- c. only to traffic on the left.
- d. only to emergency vehicles.

17. When changing lanes, check the blind spot by:

- a. checking over your shoulder in the direction you intend to move.
- b. signaling your intentions early.
- c. looking over your left shoulder every time.
- d. looking in rearview mirrors.

18. You identify that a vehicle overtaking and passing you will be returning to your lane too close in front of you. You should:

- a. stop immediately.
- b. slow down.
- c. swerve in your lane.
- d. speed up.

19. When parking on a downhill, your wheels should be:

- a. turned away from the curb, if there is a curb.
- b. turned toward the street, if there is no curb.
- c. straight ahead.
- d. turned toward the edge of the street, whether there is a curb or not.

20. When driving in snow, you should use:

- a. low-beam headlights and reduce speed.
- b. low-beam headlights and drive at the posted speed.
- c. high-beam headlights and reduce speed.
- d. high-beam headlights and drive at the posted speed.

21. Overdriving headlights means:

- a. using low-beam rather than high-beam lights.
- b. your stopping distance is greater than the distance lighted by your lights.
- c. you are looking too far ahead.
- d. using overdrive gear when using high-beam headlights.

22. When your vehicle starts to skid sideways,

- a. steer to the target.
- b. first press hard on the brake pedal.
- c. maintain steady accelerator pressure.
- d. steer opposite the direction that your vehicle needs to go.

23. The space you can move your vehicle into to avoid a collision with another vehicle is called:

- a. an open zone.
- b. the path of travel.
- c. the point of no return.
- d. an acceleration lane.

24. One of the most important facts known about the effect of alcohol on driving ability is that:

- a. over time drivers develop an immunity to the effects of alcohol.
- b. it takes several drinks to make any change in a driver's ability.
- c. most people drive better after a drink or two.
- d. small amounts lower a driver's ability without awareness.

25. Parents, when signing for their child under 18 years of age are indicating:

- a. that their child had passed a driver's education course.
- b. that their child is a careful driver.
- c. that they are affirming their child's correct date of birth.
- d. that they are accepting financial responsibility for any damage as a result of the minor operating a motor vehicle.

26. When you go to take your driver licensing tests:

- a. you must have your birth certificate (an original or certified copy)
- b. you do not need any identification
- c. you must go with your driver education teacher
- d. you need to have fire and theft insurance

27. Your driving record is used:

- a. By the state and your insurance company to establish that you are a safe driver.
- b. By the Department of Revenue to see if you have paid taxes.
- c. By direct mail companies to establish a mailing list.
- d. By the Registrar of Motor Vehicles to keep track of the vehicles you own.

28. Persons who drive after drinking alcohol:

- a. can have their license suspended
- b. may have more expensive car insurance rates
- c. may be put in jail
- d. all of the above

29. The sign pictured at the right means that:

- a. There is a detour ahead
- b. You must stop for flaggers
- c. The road ahead is closed to traffic
- d. The highway ahead is being repaired, approach with caution



30. This sign means:

- a. you must stop if other cars are coming.
- b. yield to cars on the road ahead
- c. you must come to a complete stop before entering the intersection ahead.
- d. you must stop before turning.



31. When encountering a funeral procession, a driver:

- a. May not drive between the vehicles forming the procession unless authorized by a police officer
- b. May not enter an intersection to cross the path of a funeral procession as it proceeds through a red traffic control device
- c. Must yield the right of way to a vehicle that is part of the funeral procession
- d. All of the above

32. In order to avoid last-minute braking, or the need to turn, you should look down the road at least:

- a. 2 seconds ahead of your vehicle
- b. 4 seconds ahead of your vehicle
- c. 10 seconds ahead of your vehicle
- d. 15 seconds ahead of your vehicle.

33. Upon hearing a siren of an emergency vehicle, a driver must:

- a. stop quickly where he/she is on the roadway
- b. stop and wait for a red or green light
- c. move as far right as possible and stop at the far side of the road
- d. increase speed and keep out of the way of the emergency vehicle



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### Answer Key

1. B
2. A
3. C
4. D
5. A
6. C
7. D
8. B
9. A
10. C
11. C
12. C
13. D
14. C
15. A
16. A
17. A
18. B
19. D
20. A
21. B
22. A
23. A
24. D
25. D
26. A
27. A
28. D
29. D
30. C
31. D
32. B
33. C